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A Survey Study to Declare the Opinions of Some Chemists and Physicians About the Quality of Medicine and the Way of its spending and exchanging

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Abstract

The actual need of Iraq for medicine as a cause of special circumstances past and because the imported medicine form a great percentage to over come the actual current needs that required performing tests in quality and control.

More leeward that supervisory in most countries warn from medicine adulterate products and in particular that come from India and China (these regarded as the most sources of importing medicine to Iraq), for the purposes of gaining special information from physicians and from chemists and the distribution of medicine this research study was carried out including sample size 50 for each .

Through designing a special survey distributed among a sample in Baghdad city Karhk and Rosapha then results were analyzed statistically from which it were the following:

1. There were real barriers from which 66.7% of physicians sample have been suffered involving writing prescription that in relation with available medicine in pharmacy and their quality.
 2. From physicians sample a 82.2% were pointed out that the medicine was obtained from pharmacy without writing a prescription.
 3. From physicians sample a 24.2% were not convinced for the biological efficiency of the most available medicine.
 4. From chemists sample a 20% were conveyed their opinion that some patients were oblique to buy cheap medicine without interesting to its source or its quality.
 5. From chemists sample a 76% were advocated the idea for given permissions for establishing specialized pharmacies in medicine for chronic sickness people to saving animation, that percentage of chemists who described the stores are not take serious events to marketing medicine in proper ways.
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